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Timothy J. O'Sullivan			HUYNH, CONG LAC T	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>,</b>				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	09/753,882	PETERS, MARK E.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Cong-Lac Huynh	2178		
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I.  1.136(a). In no event, however, may a nepty within the statutory minimum of thirt d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON ate, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed  y (30) days will be considered timely.  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status	•			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25	<i>May 2005</i> .	·		
	is action is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) 1-38 is/are pending in the application	on.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	·			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-38</u> is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.			
Application Papers				
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner			
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ ad		by the Evaminer		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		-		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	= * *			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	•	` ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '		
		. 555 / tollor of form 1 10-102.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of:		· 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
1. Certified copies of the priority docume				
2. Certified copies of the priority docume		· ·		
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr	•	received in this National Stage		
application from the International Bure				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	st of the certified copies not	received.		
Attachment(s)	🗂			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		fummary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date		
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0		nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)		

Part of Paper No./Mail Date 06172005

Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_

6) Other: \_\_\_\_.

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This action is responsive to communications: RCE filed 5/25/05 to the application filed 1/03/01.

- Claims 33-38 are added.
- 3. Claims 1-38 are pending in the case. Claims 1, 11, 13, 23, 33-38 are independent claims.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1-32 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reilly et al. (US Pat No. 5,740,549, 4/14/98, filed 6/12/95) in view of Eldering (US Pat No. 6,324,519 B1, 11/27/01, filed 3/12/99).

Regarding independent claim 1, Reilly discloses:

- generating a subscriber list including identifications of a plurality of subscribers for the publication (**col 4**, **lines 2-7**: the fact that the list of subscribers is provided to the server indicates that generating such a list should be performed for providing to the server; **col 16**, **lines 46-54**: the fact that the server's database includes a catalog which lists all subscribers authorized to receive new items and advertisements from the server indicates that generating a list of subscriber

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should be performed; also, it was obvious that the subscriber list should have the names of the subscribers, which are the identifications of the subscribers)

- providing, to a content provider, at least a portion of the subscriber list including identifications of a first of the subscribers and a second of the subscribers different from the first subscriber (col 4, lines 2-7: a set of subscribers is provided to a LAN server; col 16, lines 46-54: subscribers in the list authorized to receive new items and advertisements are provided to the server; it is clear that the subscribers in the list are at least the first and the second subscribers and must have the subscribers' names, which are the identifications of the subscribers)
- receiving a designation of a first selected content and a second selected content from the content provider (col 15, lines 28-52: the fact that the news items corresponding to the subscriber's user profile are selected shows a designation of selected contents for corresponding subscribers)
- associating the first selected content with the first subscriber based on the identification of the first subscriber (col 15, lines 28-52: the fact that only news items corresponding to the subscriber's user profile are selected to be provided to users shows associating a selected content with a subscriber; the fact that associating a selected content with a subscriber where each subscriber has a name or an identifier (figure 4) implies that said associating is applied to the first or second subscriber with the first or second content depending on the subscriber's identification in each subscriber's profile)

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- associating the second selected content, different from the first subscriber based on the identification of the second subscriber (see step associating above)

#### Reilly does not explicitly disclose:

- generating a first version of the publication including the first selected content for the first subscriber
- generating a second version of the publication including the second selected content for the second subscriber

#### Eldering discloses:

- generating a first version of publication including the first advertisement for the first subscriber (col 3, line 65 to col 4, lines 1-16: the advertisements based on a consumer profile that are inserted into a newspaper and delivered to a consumer are considered as a specific version in a prescribed field of the publication generated specifically for a subscriber; since each subscriber has a different profile, and thus receives different advertisement, it is clear that a first subscriber would have a first version of publication generated including the first advertisement)
- for the second subscriber (col 3, line 65 to col 4, lines 1-16: the advertisements based on a consumer profile that are inserted into a newspaper and delivered to a consumer are considered as a specific version in a prescribed field of the publication generated specifically for a subscriber; since each subscriber has a different profile, and thus receives different advertisement, it is clear that a

second subscriber would have a second version of publication generated including the second advertisement)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have combined Eldering into Reilly since Eldering discloses generating a version of publication including the selected content, which is an advertisement for delivering to a subscriber thus motivating to incorporate the advertisement provided to a subscriber based on the subscriber's profile to any newspaper or magazine delivered to a subscriber. As such, subscribers or consumers would receive more targeted advertisements that match their lifestyle and interests via the magazine and newspaper, and the selling companies would sell more products thanks to the advertisement's method.

Regarding claim 2, which is dependent on claim 1, Reilly discloses the content provider is an advertiser and the first selected content and the second selected content are advertisements (col 2, lines 42-47, 62-67).

Regarding claim 3, which is dependent on claim 1, Reilly discloses that the step of receiving a designation of a first selected content and a second selected content from the content provider further comprises the step of receiving a designation of a first selected content based on preferences of the first subscriber and a second selected content based on preferences of the second subscriber from the content provider (col 3. lines 15-23; col 15, lines 28-40: the advertisements provided to subscribers based on

subscriber's profile shows that the content is selected for being suitable to the subscriber's interest via the subscriber's preferences). Reilly does not disclose explicitly that the preferences are the buying preferences.

Eldering discloses that providing the advertisements to a subscriber is based on the subscriber's *product preferences* determined by the *purchase records* of the subscriber (col 4, lines 11-54, col 8, lines 15-33, col 10, lines 16-28: the specific purchase records and the product preference characteristics show the buying preferences of the subscriber).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have combined Eldering into Reilly since Eldering discloses providing advertisements to a subscriber based on the buying preferences thus motivating to incorporate to Reilly the buying preferences as a specific type of preferences for determining the subscriber's interest to provide the advertisement of interest to a subscriber. Further, since the method can be applied for providing a suitable advertisement to a subscriber identified by name or identifier, it is suggested that the method can be applied to the first or the second subscriber with the first or second advertisement respectively.

Regarding claim 4, which is dependent on claim 2, Reilly discloses generating a first version of the publication including the first selected content in a prescribed field of the publication for the first subscriber, and generating a second version of the publication including the second selected content is a prescribed field of the publication for the

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second subscriber (figure 5: the Sports News Profile includes prescribed fields for a subscriber to check boxes of interest where the topics of the checked boxes are used as the subscriber's preferences for determining a suitable content or a suitable advertisement to be provided to a subscriber; therefore, a version of the publication including the selected content, which is the selected advertisement, is generated based on generating of the selected content; also, as mentioned before, since the method can be applied to a subscriber and a correspondent selected content, it was obvious that the method can be applied for a first subscriber or a second subscriber with the first selected content or the second selected content).

Regarding claim 5, which is dependent on claim 1, Reilly does not disclose:

- integrating content not designated by the content provider into the first version of the publication and the second version of the publication
- printing the first version and the second version of the publication
- distributing the printed first version of the publication to the first subscriber and the printed second version of the publication to the second subscriber

#### Eldering discloses:

integrating content not designated by the content provider into the first version of the publication and the second version of the publication (col 11, line 63 to col 12, line 8: integrating the magazines or newspapers, which are content not designated by the content provider with the advertisement into the publication)

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- printing the first version and the second version of the publication (col 11, line 63 to col 12, line 8: printing the advertisement and the magazine or the newspaper as a version of publication)

- distributing the printed first version of the publication to the first subscriber and the printed second version of the publication to the second subscriber (col 11, lines 63 to col 12, line 8: delivering the printed ad inserted into the periodical to the subscriber)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have combined Eldering into Reilly since Eldering teaches integrating the advertisement into the periodical as a version of publication and distributing the printed version of advertisement and periodical to a subscriber thus motivating to incorporate into Reilly for conveniently distributing the selected advertisement to the subscriber along with the periodical.

Regarding claim 6, which is dependent on claim 1, Reilly discloses:

- receiving the at least a portion of the subscriber list (col 4, lines 2-15: a set of subscribers located within a LAN and are connected to a LAN server suggests that at least a portion of the subscriber list be received since only a set of subscribers is provided and received at the LAN server)
- obtaining a first designation of content as the designation of the first selected content based on the identification of the first subscriber (col 15, lines 28-52: the fact that the news items corresponding to the subscriber's profile are selected

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shows a designation of selected contents for corresponding subscribers; though Reilly does not explicitly disclose the first or second designation of content, the first or second content, and the first or second subscriber, the fact that said obtaining is applied for a subscriber based on the subscriber's profile where each subscriber's profile has a subscriber identifier for identifying each subscriber (figure 4) suggests that said obtaining can be applied to the first subscriber or the second subscriber with the first or second content respectively)

- obtaining a second designation of content as the designation of the second selected content based on the identification of the second subscriber (see step obtaining above)
- transmitting the designation of content as the designation of the selected content (figure 5: when a subscriber selects one or more topics or select all topics for creating a subscriber profile, the system transmits the designation of the selected topics for determining a corresponding advertisement; **col 15, lines 28-52**: the fact that the *news items corresponding to the subscriber's profile are selected* to be provided to the subscribers shows a designation of selected contents for corresponding subscribers)

#### Reilly does not disclose:

- determining if any individually targeted content from the content provider is to be provided in the publication for the first subscriber
- determining if any individually targeted content from the content provider is to be
   provided in the publication for the second subscriber

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## Eldering discloses:

- determining if any individually targeted content from the content provider is to be provided in the publication for the first subscriber (col 3, lines 11-67: the fact that the content provider can insert the advertisement into the subscriber device suggests that the system determine a targeted content from the content provider in the publication for a subscriber; col 10, lines 16-28: the fact that the advertisement is provided to a consumer (or subscriber) based on the correlation of the consumer profile by the content provider suggests a determination of an individually targeted content to be provided to a subscriber; Eldering does not specifically point out that said determining for the first subscriber or the second subscriber, however Eldering does suggest said determining for a subscriber, therefore, said determining is applied for either the first subscriber or the second subscriber)

 determining if any individually targeted content from the content provider is to be provided in the publication for the second subscriber (see said determining above)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have combined Eldering into Reilly for obtaining a first designation of content as the designation of the first selected content based on the identification of the first subscriber (disclosed by Reilly) if any individually targeted content is to be provided in the publication for the first subscriber (said determining disclosed by Eldering), and obtaining a second designation of content as the designation of the second selected

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content based on the identification of the second subscriber (disclosed by Reilly) if any individually targeted content is to be provided in the publication for the subscriber (said determining disclosed by Eldering). The combination of Eldering and Reilly would provide the ability of using the subscriber's identifier as a factor along with the subscriber's profile for selecting a content suitable to a subscriber and properly mapping the selected content to a subscriber.

Regarding claim 7, which is dependent on claim 6, Reilly discloses that the first designation of content comprises the first selected content (**col 15**, **lines 28-40**: the fact that only new items corresponding to the subscriber's profile are provided to the subscriber shows a designation of content for a subscriber; accordingly, the first designation of content is for a first subscriber, the second designation of content is for the second subscriber, etc..).

Regarding claim 8, which is dependent on claim 6, Reilly does not disclose that the first designation of content comprises a first identifier of information maintained by a printer of the publication and wherein the step of transmitting the first designation of content further comprises the step of transmitting the first identifier to the printer of the publication.

Eldering discloses printing the advertisement, inserting it into the periodicals, and delivering it to the subscriber (col 12, lines 1-8).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have modified Eldering for obtaining a designation of content comprising an identifier of information maintained by a printer of the publication and transmitting the identifier to the printer of the publication for the following reason.

The fact that Eldering discloses printing the advertisement and delivering it to the subscriber suggests that *the content designated to be printed* have an identifier of information when transmitted to a printer and maintained by a printer for handling the printing process.

Also, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have combined Eldering into Reilly since Eldering suggests an identifier of information transmitted to a printer thus motivating to incorporate into Reilly for printing the selected advertisement for a subscriber, offering another way to provide an advertisement to a subscriber in addition to transmitting the selected advertisement to a subscriber electronically.

Regarding claim 9, which is dependent on claim 6, Reilly discloses determining if any individually targeted content is to be provided based on individual profile information maintained by the content provider for each of the first and second subscribers (col 15, lines 28-40: the fact that the news items are filtered to be provided to the subscriber corresponding to the subscriber's profile suggests said determining for each of the first and second subscriber since each subscriber profile has an identifier for each subscriber with a different user preference).

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Eldering also discloses determining if any individually targeted content is to be provided based on individual profile information maintained by the content provider for each of the first and second subscribers (col 3, lines 11-67: the fact that the content provider can insert the advertisement into the subscriber device suggests that the system determine a targeted content from the content provider for a subscriber; col 10, lines 16-28: the fact that the advertisement is provided to a consumer (or subscriber) based on the correlation of the consumer profile by the content provider suggests a determination of an individually targeted content to be provided to a subscriber; Eldering does not specifically point out that said determining for the first subscriber or the second subscriber, however Eldering does suggest said determining for a subscriber, therefore, said determining is applied for either the first subscriber or the second subscriber).

Regarding claim 10, which is dependent on claim 9, Reilly does not disclose:

- identifying a first target advertiser for the first subscriber based on the individual profile information for the first subscriber
- identifying a second target advertiser for the second subscriber based on the individual profile information for the second subscriber
- wherein the step of obtaining a first designation of content further comprises the step of obtaining a designation of content associated with the identified first target advertiser

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wherein the step of obtaining a second designation of content further comprises
 the step of obtaining a designation of content associated with the identified
 second target advertiser

### **Eldering discloses:**

- identifying a first target advertiser for the first subscriber based on the individual profile information for the first subscriber (col 1, line 45 to col 2, lines 1-21: matching the advertiser whose ads will be received by the appropriate audience based on the product preference included in the consumer characterization implies that the target advertiser along with the target advertisement is identified for a subscriber; as mentioned above, since said identifying is applied to a target advertiser for a subscriber based on the information of the subscriber, it is suggested that said identifying can be applied to a first subscriber or a second subscriber)
- identifying a second target advertiser for the second subscriber based on the individual profile information for the second subscriber (see step identifying above)
- wherein the step of obtaining a first designation of content further comprises the step of obtaining a designation of content associated with the identified first target advertiser (col 1, line 45 to col 2, lines 1-21: the fact that the selected ads provided by the advertisers will be received by the appropriate audience suggests that the designation of selected advertisement is associated with the advertiser; also, since each advertiser has a different type of advertisement, a

designation of an advertisement should be associated with an advertiser, and thus there are an association between a first designation of a first advertisement and a first advertiser, and an association between a second designation of a second advertisement is associated with a second advertiser)

wherein the step of obtaining a second designation of content further comprises
the step of obtaining a designation of content associated with the identified
second target advertiser (see step obtaining above)

Claims 11-12 are for a system of method claims 1, 3, 5-7, and are rejected under the same rationale.

Claims 13-22 are for a system of method claims 1-10, and are rejected under the same rationale.

Claims 23-32 are for a computer program product of method claims 1-10, and are rejected under the same rationale.

6. Claims 33-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reilly et al. (US Pat No. 5,740,549, 4/14/98, filed 6/12/95) in view of Eldering (US Pat No. 6,324,519 B1, 11/27/01, filed 3/12/99).

Regarding independent claim 33, Reilly discloses:

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for the publication (**col 4**, **lines 2-7**: the fact that the list of subscribers is provided to the server indicates such a list is generated to be provided to the server; **col 16**, **lines 46-54**: the fact that the server's database includes a catalog which lists all subscribers authorized to receive new items and advertisements from the server indicates that generating a list of subscriber should be performed; also, it is clear that the subscriber list should have the names of the subscribers, which are the identifications of the subscribers)

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- providing, to an advertiser, at least a portion of the subscriber list including identifications of a first of the subscribers and a second of the subscribers different from the first subscriber (**col 16**, **lines 46-54**: subscribers in the list authorized to receive new items and advertisements are provided to the server; it is clear that the subscribers in the list are at least the first and the second subscribers and must have the subscribers' names, which are the identifications of the subscribers; and the information server, which has advertisements (figure 1), is equivalent to an advertiser)
- associating the first advertisement with the first subscriber based on the identification of the first subscriber (col 15, lines 28-52: the fact that only news items corresponding to the subscriber's user profile are selected to be provided to users shows associating a selected content with a subscriber; the fact that associating a selected content with a subscriber where each subscriber has a name or an identifier (figure 4) implies that said associating be applied to a first

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subscriber or a second subscriber with the first or second content depending on the subscriber's identification in each subscriber's profile)

 associating the second advertisement, different from the first advertisement, with the second subscriber based on the identification of the second subscriber (see step associating above)

#### Reilly does not explicitly disclose:

- generating a first version of the publication including the first advertisement in a
   prescribed field of the publication for the first subscriber
- generating a second version of the publication including the second
   advertisement in a prescribed field of the publication for the second subscriber
- integrating content not designated by the advertiser into the first version of the publication and the second version of the publication
- printing the first version and the second version of the publication
- distributing the printed first version of the publication to the first subscriber and the printed second version of the publication to the second subscriber

### Eldering discloses:

- generating a first version of publication including the first advertisement for the first subscriber (col 3, line 65 to col 4, lines 1-16: the advertisements based on a consumer profile that are inserted into a newspaper and delivered to a consumer are considered as a specific version in a prescribed field of the publication generated specifically for a subscriber; since each subscriber has a different profile, and thus receives different advertisement, it is clear that a first

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subscriber would have a first version of publication generated including the first advertisement)

- generating a second version of publication including the second advertisement for the second subscriber (col 3, line 65 to col 4, lines 1-16: the advertisements based on a consumer profile that are inserted into a newspaper and delivered to a consumer are considered as a specific version in a prescribed field of the publication generated specifically for a subscriber; since each subscriber has a different profile, and thus receives different advertisement, it is clear that a second subscriber would have a second version of publication generated including the second advertisement)
- integrating content not designated by the advertiser into the first version of the publication and the second version of the publication (col 11, line 63 to col 12, line 8: integrating the magazines or newspapers, which are content not designated by the content provider with the advertisement into the publication)
- printing the first version and the second version of the publication (col 11, line 63 to col 12, line 8: printing the advertisement and the magazine or the newspaper as a version of publication)
- distributing the printed first version of the publication to the first subscriber and the printed second version of the publication to the second subscriber (col 11, lines 63 to col 12, line 8: delivering the printed ad inserted into the periodical to the subscriber)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have combined Eldering into Reilly since Eldering discloses generating a version of publication including the selected content, which is an advertisement for delivering to a subscriber thus motivating to incorporate the advertisement provided to a subscriber based on the subscriber's profile to any newspaper or magazine delivered to a subscriber. As such, subscribers or consumers would receive more targeted advertisements that match their lifestyle and interests via the magazine and newspaper, and the selling companies would sell more products thanks to the advertisement's method.

Regard the limitation "receiving a designation of a first advertisement based on buying preferences of the first subscribers and a designation of a second advertisement based on buying preferences of the second subscribers from the advertiser", Reilly discloses receiving a designation of a first advertisement based on preferences of the first subscriber and a second advertisement based on preferences of the second subscriber from the advertiser (col 5, lines 61-67: displaying statistics indicating how many times each advertisement has been displayed on subscribers' computers implies that a designation of said advertisement, not the advertisement itself, is received at a subscriber's computer, from the information server, which is equivalent to an advertiser).

Reilly does not disclose explicitly that the preferences are the buying preferences.

Eldering discloses that providing the advertisements to a subscriber is based on the subscriber's *product preferences* determined by the *purchase records* of the subscriber

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(col 4, lines 11-54, col 8, lines 15-33, col 10, lines 16-28: the specific purchase records and the product preference characteristics show the buying preferences of the subscriber).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have combined Eldering into Reilly since Eldering discloses providing advertisements to a subscriber based on the buying preferences thus motivating to incorporate to Reilly the buying preferences as a specific type of preferences for determining the subscriber's interest to provide the advertisement of interest to a subscriber.

Regarding independent claim 34, Reilly discloses:

- generating a subscriber list including identifications of a plurality of subscribers for the publication (**col 4**, **lines 2-7**: the fact that the list of subscribers is provided to the server indicates such a list is generated to be provided to the server; **col 16**, **lines 46-54**: the fact that the server's database includes a catalog which lists all subscribers authorized to receive new items and advertisements from the server indicates that generating a list of subscriber should be performed; also, it is clear that the subscriber list should have the names of the subscribers, which are the identifications of the subscribers)
- providing, to an advertising distributor, at least a portion of the subscriber list including identifications of a first of the subscribers and a second of the subscribers different from the first subscriber (col 16, lines 46-54: subscribers in

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the list authorized to receive new items and advertisements are provided to the server; it is clear that the subscribers in the list are at least the first and the second subscribers and must have the subscribers' names, which are the identifications of the subscribers; and the information server, which provides advertisements to subscribers (figure 1, col 2, line 62 to col 3, line 15), is equivalent to an advertising distributor)

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- receiving the at least a portion of the subscriber list at the advertising distributor (col 16, lines 46-54: a list of subscribers is included in the database of the information server, which stores advertisement and provides advertisements to subscribers (col 2, line 62 to col 3, line 15), and thus is equivalent to an advertising distributor)
- obtaining first selected content associated with the identified first target advertiser based on the identification of the first subscriber if any individually targeted content is to be provided in the publication for the first subscriber (col 15, lines 28-52: the fact that the news items corresponding to the subscriber's profile *are selected* shows the selected contents for corresponding subscribers; the fact that said obtaining is applied for a subscriber based on the subscriber's profile where each subscriber's profile has a subscriber identifier for identifying each subscriber (figure 4) implies that said obtaining can be applied to the first subscriber or the second subscriber with the first or second content respectively)
- obtaining first selected content associated with the identified first target advertiser
   based on the identification of the first subscriber if any individually targeted

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content is to be provided in the publication for the first subscriber (see step obtaining above)

- transmitting the first selected content and the second selected content from the advertising distributor (col 4, line 39 to col 5, line 67: displaying selected advertisements on subscribers' computers based on the subscriber profile from the information server shows that transmitting the first selected content and the second selected content from the information server is performed)
- receiving the first selected content and the second selected content from the advertising distributor (col 4, line 39 to col 5, line 67: displaying selected advertisements on subscribers' computers shows that each advertisement corresponding to each subscriber is received at the subscriber's computer)
- associating the first selected content with the first subscriber based on the identification of the first subscriber (col 15, lines 28-52: the fact that only news items corresponding to the subscriber's user profile are selected to be provided to users shows associating a selected content with a subscriber; the fact that associating a selected content with a subscriber where each subscriber has a name or an identifier (figure 4) implies that said associating be applied to a first subscriber or a second subscriber with the first or second content depending on the subscriber's identification in each subscriber's profile)
- associating the second selected content, different from the first advertisement, with the second subscriber based on the identification of the second subscriber (see step associating above)

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## Reilly does not disclose:

determining if any individually targeted content from the content provider is to be
 provided in the publication for the first subscriber

- determining if any individually targeted content from the content provider is to be
   provided in the publication for the second subscriber
- identifying a first target advertiser for the first subscriber based on the individual profile information for the first subscriber
- identifying a second target advertiser for the second subscriber based on the
   individual profile information for the second subscriber
- generating a first version of the publication including the first advertisement in a prescribed field of the publication for the first subscriber
- generating a second version of the publication including the second advertisement in a prescribed field of the publication for the second subscriber

### Eldering discloses:

determining if any individually targeted content from the content provider is to be provided in the publication for the first subscriber (col 3, lines 11-67: the fact that the content provider can insert the advertisement into the subscriber device suggests that the system determine a targeted content from the content provider in the publication for a subscriber; col 10, lines 16-28: the fact that the advertisement is provided to a consumer (or subscriber) based on the correlation of the consumer profile by the content provider suggests a determination of an individually targeted content to be provided to a subscriber; Eldering does not

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specifically point out that said determining for the first subscriber or the second subscriber, however Eldering does suggest said determining for *a* subscriber, therefore, said determining is applied for either the first subscriber or the second subscriber)

- determining if any individually targeted content from the content provider is to be provided in the publication for the second subscriber (see said determining above)
- profile information for the first subscriber (col 1, line 45 to col 2, lines 1-21: matching the advertiser whose ads will be received by the appropriate audience based on the product preference included in the consumer characterization implies that the target advertiser along with the target advertisement is identified for a subscriber; as mentioned above, since said identifying is applied to a target advertiser for a subscriber based on the information of the subscriber, it is clear that said identifying would be applied to a first subscriber or a second subscriber)
- identifying a second target advertiser for the second subscriber based on the individual profile information for the second subscriber (see step identifying above)
- generating a first version of publication including the first selected content for the first subscriber (col 3, line 65 to col 4, lines 1-16: the newspaper and the advertisements selected based on a consumer profile inserted into the newspaper which are delivered to a consumer, are considered a specific version

in a prescribed field of the publication generated specifically for a subscriber; since each subscriber has a different profile, each subscriber receives different advertisement, thus it is clear that a first subscriber would receive a first version of publication generated including the first advertisement)

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generating a second version of publication including the second selected content for the second subscriber (col 3, line 65 to col 4, lines 1-16: the newspaper and the advertisements selected based on a consumer profile inserted into the newspaper which are delivered to a consumer, are considered a specific version in a prescribed field of the publication generated specifically for a subscriber; since each subscriber has a different profile, each subscriber receives different advertisement, thus it is clear that a second subscriber would receive a second version of publication generated including the second advertisement)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have combined Eldering into Reilly since Eldering discloses generating a version of publication including the selected content, which is an advertisement for delivering to a subscriber thus motivating to incorporate the advertisement provided to a subscriber based on the subscriber's profile to any newspaper or magazine delivered to a subscriber. As such, subscribers or consumers would receive more targeted advertisements that match their lifestyle and interests in conjunction with the magazine and the newspaper, and the selling companies would sell more products thanks to the advertisement's method.

Claims 35-36, 37-38 are for a system and a program product of method claims 33-34, and are rejected under the same rationale.

#### Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments filed 5/25/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants argue that Reilly does not disclose providing the subscriber list to any other entity (Remarks, page 20).

Examiner respectfully disagrees.

Reilly discloses a list of subscribers is provided to a LAN server (col 4, lines 2-7).

Applicants argue that Eldering does not appear to disclose separate versions of a publication for first and second subscribers (Remarks, page 21).

Examiner respectfully disagrees.

Eldering discloses that the advertisements for each consumer are based on each consumer profile and are inserted into a newspaper and delivered to each consumer (col 3, line 65 to col 4, lines 1-16). Since each consumer, equivalent to a subscriber, has a specific profile, the advertisements inserted into a newspaper and delivered to each consumer is different accordingly to each consumer profile. In other words, the combination of a newspaper with a different version of advertisements, which is equivalent to a separate version of a publication, is delivered to different subscribers such as first subscriber or second subscriber based on the subscriber profile.

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Regarding independent claim 33, Applicants argue that Reilly and Eldering do not disclose or suggest receiving a designation of an advertisement, in lieu of the advertisement content itself, from the advertiser (Remarks, page 22).

Examiner respectfully disagrees.

Reilly discloses receiving a designation of an advertisement (col 5, lines 61-67: displaying statistics indicating how many times each advertisement has been displayed on subscribers' computers implies that a designation of said advertisement, not the advertisement itself, is received at a subscriber's computer, from the information server, which is equivalent to an advertiser).

Regarding independent claim 34, Applicants argue that Reilly and Eldering do not disclose "individual profile information maintained by the advertising distributor" since the subscriber profile information in Reilly appears to be maintained by the client computer, not by an advertising distributor (Remarks, page 24).

Examiner respectfully disagrees.

Reilly discloses "individual profile information maintained by the advertising distributor" (figure 1, col 15, lines 23-28: the fact that the information server, which stores and provides advertisements to subscribers and thus is equivalent to an advertising distributor, generates a group profile representing the union of all news category and subcategory preferences of the subscribers implies that individual profile information is maintained by the advertising distributor since said profile must be stored at the

information server after being generated for later use).

#### Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Peters (US Pat App No 2002/0087594 A1, 7/4/02, filed 1/3/01).

Hammerstad (US Pat App No 2002/0111855 A1, 8/15/02, filed 1/23/01).

Eldering et al. (US Pat App No 2004/0148625 A1, 7/29/04, filed 1/16/04, priority 4/20/00).

Castle et al. (US Pat App No 2002/0077891 A1, 1/20/02, filed 12/15/00).

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cong-Lac Huynh whose telephone number is 571-272-4125. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri (8:30-6:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Hong can be reached on 571-272-4124. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-4125.

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Conglachuynh
Cong-Lac Huynh

Examiner Art Unit 2178

06/20/05